## MATH550 Commutative Algebra — List of material

This list is not exhaustive, and it might change later, but not by much.

## **Definitions**

- 1. Unit, nilpotent element, idempotent element. Ideal, prime ideal, maximal ideal. Radical ideal, the radical of an ideal, nilradical. Localization with respect to a multiplicative system. Finite type, and finitely presented maps of rings.
- 2. Spectrum of a commutative ring and its topology.
- 3. Module over a ring. Tensor product, extension of scalars, coproduct of algebras. Localization of a module. Flat module. Kähler differentials.
- 4. Integral elements and integral closure. Finite and integral morphisms of rings. Valuation rings and valuations.
- 5. Local rings and local homomorphisms.
- 6. Noetherian rings.
- 7. Graded rings, homogeneous ideals.

## Results

You should know all of the statements and at least the sketch of proof (unless stated otherwise).

- 1. The nilradical is the intersection of all primes.
- 2. The spectrum of a ring is quasi-compact.
- 3. Tensor product is right-exact.
- 4. Structure of modules over PID (without proof).
- 5. A ring is local if and only if non-units form an ideal.
- 6. Nakayama's lemma.
- 7. A finitely presented flat module over a local ring is free.
- 8. Going-up:  $Spec(B) \rightarrow Spec(A)$  is closed if  $A \rightarrow B$  is integral.
- 9. Artin-Tate lemma.
- 10. Hilbert's basis theorem.
- 11. Nullstellensatz (several forms), without proof.
- 12. Noether normalization lemma.
- 13. Chevalley's theorem (without proof).
- 14. Equivalent conditions for separable field extensions (proof of at least three of the implications).
- 15. Finiteness of integral closure (without proof).
- 16. Criterion for a graded ring to be Noetherian.

## Methods

- 1. Computing tensor product of modules using a module presentation of one of the factors.
- 2. Computing the tensor product of algebras using an algebra presentation of one of the factors.
- 3. Computing  $\Omega^1_{A/k}$  for  $A = k[T_1, \dots, T_n]/(f_1, \dots, f_r)$ .
- 4. Computing the fiber of  $\operatorname{Spec}(B) \to \operatorname{Spec}(A)$  above *x* as  $\operatorname{Spec}(B \otimes_A \kappa(x))$ .