Problem Set 3

due November 8, 2020

Problem 1. Let $A = K\langle X_1, \dots, X_r \rangle$ be the Tate algebra. Show that the functor

 $\begin{cases} \text{Banach } A\text{-modules} \\ + \text{ continuous} \\ A\text{-module homomorphisms} \end{cases} \rightarrow \text{Sets,} \quad M \mapsto \text{Der}_{K}^{\text{cont}}(A, M) \end{cases}$

sending a Banach A-module M to the set of all continuous K-linear derivations $\delta: A \to M$ is representable. The representing object is denoted by $d: A \to \Omega^1_{A/K}$ (by abuse of notation) and called the module of *continuous (Kähler) differentials*. Compute $\Omega^1_{A/K}$. Is it the same as the module of Kähler differentials of A/K?

Problem 2. Prove that $f \in K\langle X_1, \dots, X_r \rangle$ is a unit if and only if |f(0)| > |f - f(0)|.

Problem 3. A nonarchimedean field *K* is *spherically complete* if every descending sequence of closed balls

$$B_1 \supseteq B_2 \supseteq \cdots \supseteq B_n \supseteq \cdots$$

has a non-empty intersection. Prove that the completed algebraic closure of C((t)) (PS1 Problem 4) is not spherically complete.

Problem 4. Consider the ring (see notes, §2.1, p. 8)

$$K\left\langle X, \frac{t}{X}\right\rangle := K\langle X, Y \rangle / (XY - t).$$

Prove that it is isomorphic to the following ring of Laurent series

$$\left\{f=\sum_{n\in\mathbf{Z}}a_nX^n:\lim_{n\to+\infty}a_n=0,\lim_{n\to-\infty}a_nt^n=0\right\}.$$

Show that

$$|f| := \sup \left(\{ |a_n| : n \ge 0 \} \cup \{ |a_n| \cdot |t|^n : n \le 0 \} \right)$$

is a Banach algebra norm which is not multiplicative.

Problem 5. Let $K = C_p$, with the absolute value normalized so that |p| = 1/p. Compute the radius of convergence of

$$\exp z = \sum_{n \ge 0} \frac{z^n}{n!} \quad \in \quad K[[z]].$$

Hint: $\Omega^1_{A/K}$ is what you guess it should be.

Hint: See Example 2.3.5 and Remark 2.3.6.